Reading With Understanding

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READING WITH UNDERSTANDING



At the end of this lesson you will be able to:

- understand short themes-based passages and
- answer questions on them.

24.1 SECTION I

On this International Day against Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking, we celebrate the choice that millions of people around the world have made to live healthily, and we applaud the courage shown by those who have stopped using drugs. In doing so, we send a positive message to all people who use or might be tempted to use drugs: 'Value yourself... make healthy choices.'

This day is also an occasion to highlight the fact that nearly 200 million people are still consuming illegal drugs. These drugs might have names that sound colourful or enticing, such as crack, pot, junk, crystal meth, and disco biscuits. But these are little more than tickets to a dead end. For those trapped by addiction, treatment is a way out, and the choice to seek treatment is not only courageous, but often life-saving. Those who have not ventured down the path of drug abuse should learn the lesson from those who have, and firmly choose not to.

Making healthy choices also means choosing a lifestyle that has positive effect on the body and mind, including, for example, participation in sports to improve health and well-being, teach the value of teamwork and discipline, and build self-confidence.

(Message by The Secratery General, UN on the occassion of the International Day against Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking, 26th June, 2005)

Reading with Understanding



INTEXT QUESTIONS 24.1

- 1. Based on your understating of the message given above, answer the following questions.
- a) What is the occasion for this message?
- b) What message has been conveyed through this passage? To whom is the message addressed?
- c) Why does the writer say that those who are not drug addicts should firmly choose not to fall victim to drug addiction?
- d) To what healthy choices does the author refer?
- e) What should people resolve on the occasion?
- f) What does the author mean when he says, "Let us encourage all our fellow human beings to make personal choices to lead healthy lives?"
- 2. Which words in the message means similar to the following:
- a) not allowed by law (Para 1)_____
- b) to express praise/appreciation (Para 1)
- c) falling victim to an evil design (Para 2)_____
- d) taking step into danger knowingly (Para 2)_____

24.2 SECTION II

- 1. Drug addiction is a treatable disorder. Through treatment that is tailored to individual needs, patients can leave their condition and live normal, productive lives. Like people with diabetes or heart disease, people in treatment of addiction learn behavioural changes and often take medications as part of their treatment regimen.
- 2. Behavioural therapies can include counselling, psychotherapy, support groups, or family therapy. Treatment offers help in suppressing the withdrawal syndrome and drug craving and in blocking the effects of drugs. Studies show that treatment for heroin addiction using methadone at an adequate dosage level combined with therapy reduces death rates and many health problems associated with heroin abuse.
- 3. In general, the more treatment given, the better the results. Many patients

Reading with Understanding

require other services as well, such as medical and mental health services and HIV prevention services. Patients who stay in treatment longer have better outcomes than those who stay less time. Patients who go through medically assisted interventions with minimized discomfort but do not receive any further treatment, perform about the same in terms of those who were never treated. Over the last 25 years, studies have shown that treatment works to reduce drugs and crimes committed by drug-dependent people. Researchers also have found that drug abusers who have treatment are more likely to have jobs.

- 4. The ultimate goal of all drug abuse treatment is to enable the patient to achieve lasting abstinence, but the immediate goals are to reduce drug use, improve the patient's ability to function, and minimize the medical and social curse of drug abuse.
- 5. There are several types of drug abuse treatment programmes. Short-term methods last less than 6 months and residential therapy, medication therapy, and drug-free outpatient therapy. Longer term treatment may include for example, methadone maintenance outpatient treatment for opiate addicts and residential therapeutic communication treatment.

INTEXT QUESTIONS 24.2

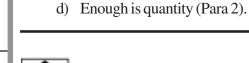
| Drug addiction is | can be treated. The treatment given |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| to the addicts is according to _ | needs. After treatment |
| the patient can | life. The treatment makes certain |
| | therapy includes |
| and | This treatment suppresses |
| and | Use of adequate dose of |
| methadone combined with beha | avioural therapy reduces |
| andassocia | ated with herion abuse. |
| If the patient gets treatment | the results are better. As a |
| | committed by the drug |
| result of treatment number of | Commuted by the drug |
| result of treatment number of _ | in aim of drug abuse treatment is |

- a) to put an end to something. _____.
- b) most important/main (Para 4)_____

Reading with Understanding



Notes



c)

CHECK YOUR ANSWERS

Intext Question 24.1

- a) International Day against Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking
- b) Message: 'Value yourself '— make healthy choices to people who are not yet drug addicts but might be tempted.

To have effect for a long time (Para 4)

- c) Drug addiction leads to dead end.
- d) Choosing life style leading to positive effect on the mind and body or they may participate in sports, learn values of team work and discipline.
- e) That they would create and live in a drug free society and that people should lead healthy life.
- f) That people should create environment that would encourage people to lead healthy life and adopt positive outlook
- **2.** a) Illicit b) Applaud
 - c) Trapped d) Ventured

Intext Question 24.2

- 1. a disorder, individual, lead a normal, counselling, psychotherapy, family therapy, withdrawl syndrome, drug craving, death rate, many health problems, for long, crimes, to reduce drug use, improve patient's ability to.
- 2. a) suppress

b) ultimate

- c) lasting
- d) adequate