# CURRICULUM OF SENIOR SECONDARY COURSE IN PAINTING (332)

#### RATIONALE

Painting is a form of art. It is a powerful way of self-expression providing a sense of fulfillment and achievement. This course is aimed at providing with necessary inputs of practical work and skill to the learner's familiarity of the theory of art through ages. This will further help in aesthetic development, ability to appreciate and discover beauty of life and integrate it into one's own personality. Thus, art will make us more sensitive to our Cultural Heritage, environment and develop a creative attitude in day-to-day activities.

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES

#### The objectives of this course are to:

- develop knowledge and understanding of visual art;
- develop skill, ability and aesthetic attitude;
- acquaint about the development of art and various styles of art expression and their salient features;
- develop understanding about the visual aspects of composition, division of space, rhythm, texture, tonal gradation and expressive value of line in a learner;
- to work with harmony and contrast of colour, having various drawing and painting materials such as pencils, pastels, water and oil colour, ink etc.

#### COURSE STRUCTURE

This course in painting for the senior secondary level has been divided into three compulsory modules namely:

- History and Appreciation of Indian art.
- History and Appreciation of Indian painting and Sculptures
- Folk Paintings

It also includes one practical paper having three parts.

- Object Drawing
- Painting and Composition
- Folk Art as Motif

#### Minimum study hours and marks allotted to each module and in Practical are as follows:-

Unit wise Distribution of Core Module lessons	Number of time (in hrs)	Min. study	Ma	rks
			to each unit	to each module
Theory:				
Medule -1: History and Appreciation of Indian Art				12
Lesson 1.1 Art of Indus Valley Civilization	1 -	5	2	
Lesson 1.2 Art of Mauryan to Gupta Period	1	5	2	
Lesson 1.3 Ajanta Caves: Mural Paintings	1	4	2	
Lesson 1.4 Temple Art and Sculpture	1	6	2	
Lesson 1.5 Indian Bronzes	1	4	2	
Lesson 1.6 Indo - Islamic Architecture	1	6	2	
Module-2: History and Appreciation of Indian paintings and sculptures				12
Lesson 2.1 Mughal School	1	4	2	
Lesson 2.2 Rajasthan School	1	5	2	
Lesson 2.3 Pahari School	1	4	1	
Lesson 2.4 Deccan School	1	3	1	
Lesson 2.5 Company School	1	3	1	
Lesson 2.6 Pioneers of Contemporary Art Movements in India	1	5	2	
Lesson 2.7 Contemporary Arts of India	1	6	3	İ
Module - 3 : Folk Painting				
Lesson 3.1 Folk Painting	1	10	10	6
Sub-Total	14	70		30
Practical :		-		55
Object Drawing	. 2	65	20	
Painting and Composition	3	65	20	
Folk Art as Motif	1	20	15	
Portfolio Submission (Home Assignment)		20	_	15
Grand Total	_	240	100	

#### COURSE DESCRIPTION

Module - 1: History and Appreciation of Indian art.

(From 2500 B.C. to 16th Century A.D.)

#### Approach:

The art objects, belonged to Indus Valley Civilization, are the only available earliest evidence of great tradition of India. The nature form of these art works help us to imagine that tradition of Indian art must have begun long before 2500 B.C. Changing condition of politics and religions kept on motivating Indian art through the ages from 4<sup>th</sup> C. B.C. to 16<sup>th</sup> C. A.D., leaving a missing link for approximately 1000 yrs from post Indus Valley civilization to Mauryan period. Indian Art under the patronage of Hindu, Muslim, Buddhist and Jain rulers, flourished till 16<sup>th</sup> C. A.D. to face a new era of art movement after the Mughals became the rulers of India.

Unit 1.1 Art of Indus Valley Civilization
(Harappan and Mohen-jo-daro 2500 B.C. to 1750 B.C.).

Brief introduction and appreciation supported with drawing, maps, and pictures of the following art objects:

Objects	Collection
<ul> <li>Mother Goddess</li> <li>Seal with Bull Design</li> <li>Painted Pottery</li> <li>Jewellery (necklace)</li> </ul>	National Museum, Delhi National Museum, Delhi National Museum, Delhi National Museum, Delhi

#### Supportive video programme(s)

- Mother Goddess
- Seal with Bull Design
- Painted Pottery
- Jewellery (necklace)

Unit 1.2: Art of Mauryan to Gupta Period (4th Century B.C. to 6th Century A.D.)

Brief introduction and appreciation supported with drawing and pictures of of the following art objects:

<u>Objects</u>	<u>Collection</u>
Lion Capital	Sarnath Museum
Chauri Bearer (Yakshi)	Patna Museum
• Chilli Dellei (Tongin)	Sanchi, Madhya Pradesh
Stupa I at Sanchi     Technology	
Lord Mahavira – Jain Tirthankara     Striet	
Seated Buddha*(Gandhara Style)	Government Museum, Mathura
Seated Buddha	Covernment

- Lion Capital
- Chauri Bearer (Yakshi)
- Stupa I at Sanchi
- Lord Mahavira Jain Tirthankara
- Seated Buddha (Gandhara Style)
- Seated Buddha

#### Unit 1.3: Ajanta Caves: Mural Paintings

(From 2<sup>nd</sup> Century A.D to 7<sup>th</sup> Century A.D.)

Brief introduction and appreciation supported with drawing and pictures of the following Mural Paintings:

#### Paintings

- Mara-Vijav Abdub: Michaelakud ...

#### Supportive video programme(s)

- Padmapani Bodhisttva
- Mara-Viiav

#### Unit 1.4: Temple Art and Sculpture

(From 4th Century A.D to 12th Century A.D.)

Brief introduction and appreciation supported with drawing and pictures of the following:

#### Pictures

- Mahishasurmardini
- Trimuni
- Kendariya Mahadeo Temple

#### Place

- Kailash Temple, Ellora
- Elephanta, Maharastra
- Khajurahoo, Madhya Pradesh

#### Supportive video programme(s)

- Mahishasurmardini
- Trimurti
- Kendariya Mahadeo Temple

#### Unit 1.5: Indian Bronzes

(From earliest times to contemporary)

Brief introduction and appreciation supported with drawing, and pictures of the following:

#### Pictures

- Nataraja, (Cosmic dance of lord Shiva
- Dokra Casting (Trible Bronze casting)
- Triumph of Labour Collection

#### Place/Sculpter/Collection

#### Tamilnadu

Baster M.P.

Sculptor - D.P. Roy Chowdhury.

- National Gallery of Modern Art, Jaipur House, New Delhi

- Nataraja, (Cosmic dance of lord Shiva
- Dokra Casting (Trible Bronze casting)
- Triumph of Labour

#### Unit 1.6: Indo - Islamic Architecture

(From 12th Century A.D. to 17th Century)

Brief introduction and appreciation supported with drawing, and pictures of the following heritages/monuments.

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#### Supportive video programme(s)

- Outab Minar
- Tai Mahal
- Gol Gumbaz

## Module - 2: History and Appreciation of Indian paintings and Sculptures

(From 16th Century A.D. Pioneers to Contemporary Art Movements)

#### Approach:

The 16th century saw a profound change in the stylistic development of Indian art. Art of miniature painting became very popular in Rajputana and in the court of the Mughals. It also influenced the South Indian painters.

The muslim rulers were great admirers of architecture. They enriched Indian art with superb structures, including one of the wonders of the world, Taj Mahal.

Under the British rule, the character of Indian art underwent a thorough change. Beside the painters like self-taught artist Raja Ravi Verma, many Indian artists followed the realistic style of European art. On the other hand, Abanindranath Tagore and his Bengal school tried to bring back classical Indian style with contemporary themes and Jamini Roy modernised the folk style of India. Amrita Shergil, with her Parsian art education, was the most influential painter in contemporary art scene, while Rabindranath Tagore visualised the most modern aesthetics in his painting. These pioneers inspired the next generation of Indian artists to discover their identity in the filed of international art.

#### Unit 2.1: Mughal School

(From Akbar to Bahadur Shah II)

Brief introduction and appreciation of the following Miniature Paintings:

Paintings	Artist	. 1	Collection
Bird catching at Baran	Bhag		National Museum, Delhi
Jahangir holding the picture of Madona	Abul Hasan		National Museum, Delhi

• Falcon on a bird rest	Ustad Mansur	National Museum, Delhi
Saint Kabir and Raidas	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	National Museum, Delhi
• The Marriage procession of Dara Shikoh	Haji Madani	National Museum, Delhi

- Bird catching at Baran
- Jahangir holding the picture of Madona
- Falcon on a bird rest
- Saint Kabir and Raidas
- The Marriage procession of Dara Shikoh

#### Unit 2.2 Rajasthan School

Brief introduction and appreciation of the following Miniature Paintings:

Paintings		Artist	The second secon	
• Maru Ragini		Sahibdin	National	Museum, Delbi
<ul> <li>Radha and Krishna offe</li> </ul>	ring betel-		a to make the part of the	and said
leaves to each other	8.2.	Nihal Chand	National,	Museum, Delhi
<ul> <li>Meeting of Bharata and</li> </ul>		in against various grandent various various international	ili	a superior de la companyación de l La companyación de la companyación
at Chitrakut (Bharat Mi		Guman		Muscum, Dellii
• Bani Thani (Krishan Ga	uh style)	Nihal Chand	National	Museum, Delhi

#### Supportive video programme(s)

- Maru Ragini
- Radha and Krishna offering betel- leaves to each other
- Meeting of Bharata and Rama at Chitrakut (Bharat Milap)
- Bani Thani (Krishan Garh style)

#### Unit 2.3: Pahari School (From Himalayan Hill States)

Brief introduction and appreciation of the following Miniature Paintings:

Paintings	Artist	Collection
• Krishna Waiting for Radha	Manku	National Museum, Delhi
• King of Chamba Jit Singh and		
King of Kangra Sansar Chand	Nihal Chand	National Museum, Delhi

#### Supportive video programme(s)

- Krishna Wating for Radha
- King of Chamba Jit Singh and King of Kangra Sansar Chand

#### Unit 2.4: Decean School (South India)

Brief introduction and appreciation of the following Paintings:

Paintings	Arthit Collection
Nizamuddin Awaliya and Amir Khusrau	Unknown National Museum, Delhi
Tanjore Painting	Unknown National Museum, Delhi

- Nizamuddin Awaliya and Amir Khusrau
- Tanjore Painting

### Unit 2.5: Company School

Brief introduction and appreciation of the following Paintings:

		A wellow		ollection
		Artist	그 사람이 하는 사람들이 가장하는 것	Museum, Delhi
• A group of Kashmiri A	rtisans	Unknown		
. The Bird		Unknown	National	Museum, Delhi
	State Commence	<u> </u>		

#### Supportive video programme(s)

- A group of Kashmiri Artisans
- The Bird

## Unit 2.6: Pioneers of Contemporary Art Movements in India

Brief introduction and appreciation of Paintings in the modern era:

Patetings Artist Rayana and Jatayu Raja Ravi Varma	Collection National Museum, New Delhi
Bengal School  Radhika Abanindra Nath Tagore	National Gallery of Modern Art, New Delhi
Sri Chaitanaya under	
Garnd Stambha Nand Lal Bose	National Gallery of Modern Art, New Delhi
Constitute Jamini Roy	National Gallery of Modern Art,
Crucifixion Jamini Roy	New Delhi

## Supportive video programme(s)

- Ravana and Jatayu
- Radhika
- Sri Chaitanaya under Garud Stambha
- Crucifixion

## Unit 2.7: Contemporary Arts of India

Brief introduction and appreciation of Paintings in modern era:

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Name of the	white Collection
The State of	of Control of the Con
Adjanument of Book America Shengil	
Sandrad Family (Sculpture) Rain Kinker B     MF. Hussain	National Gallery of Modern Art, New Delhi
Walter Idea	National Gallery of Modern Art, New Delhi
• Thorn Prick N.S. Bendre	

- Women Face
- Adornment of Bride
- Santhal Family (Sculpture)
- Mother Teresa
- Thorn Prick

#### Module - 3: Folk Paintings

#### Approach:

Folk art is considered an essential form of expression in the rural society with typical characteristic of its own. India has an enormous range of folk art which varies in style from district to district.

Rural artists are carrying on the traditional technique and style generation after generation with very little modification. These are mainly decorative, ritualistic and utilitarian in nature. These include earthen wire, floor painting, wall painting, stitching on cloth etc. Some of the Indian folk arts are highly appreciated world over.

#### Unit 3.1: Folk Paintings

Brief introduction and appreciation of folk paintings:

Extract Following Control (Control (Con

#### Supportive video programme(s)

- Kalighat Paintings from Bengal
- Kalam-Kari from Andhra Pradesh
- Worli Paintings from Maharastra
- Phad Paintings from Rajasthan
- Madhubani Paintings from Bhiar